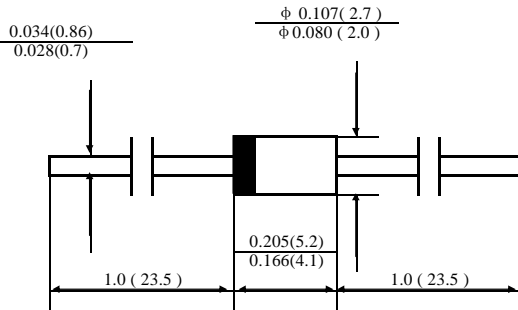


1.0AMP PLASTIC SILICON RECTIFIERS

VOLTAGE RANGE: 50 TO 1200 VOLTS

DO-41



inch (mm)

FEATURES

- . Diffused junction
- . Low Leakage
- . Low forward voltage drop
- . High current capability
- . Easily cleaned with Freon. Alcohol. Isopropanol and similar solvents
- . The plastic material carries U/L recognition 94V-0

MECHANICAL DATA

- . Case: JEDEC DO-41. molded plastic
- . Terminals: Axial leads. Solderable per MIL - STD - 202. Method 208
- . Polarity: Color band denotes cathode
- . Weight: 0.012 ounce. 0.33grams
- . Mounting position: Any

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase. half wave. 60HZ. resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load. derate current by 20%

	SYMBOL	1N4001	1N4002	1N4003	1N4004	1N4005	1N4006	1N4007	1N4007*	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	V_{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	840	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V_{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current 9.5mm Lead Length. $T_A = 50^\circ C$	$I_{(AV)}$	1.0								A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single half-sine-wave superimposed on rated $T_A = 50^\circ C$	I_{FSM}	30								A
Maximum Forward Voltage at 1.0A DC	V_F	1.0								V
Maximum Reverse Current $T_A = 25^\circ C$ at Rated DC Blocking Voltage $T_A = 100^\circ C$	I_R	5.0 50.0								μA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 1)	C_j	15								pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	R_{QJA} R_{QJL}	50 25								$^\circ C/W$
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_j	- 55 to 125								$^\circ C$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	- 55 to 150								$^\circ C$

- NOTE:**
1. Measured at 1.0MHZ and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V DC.
 2. Thermal resistance junction to ambient.

FIG. 1 -- TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTIC

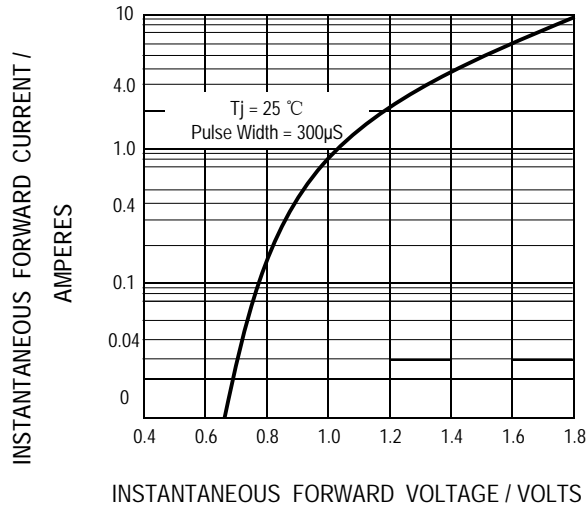


FIG. 2 -- TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

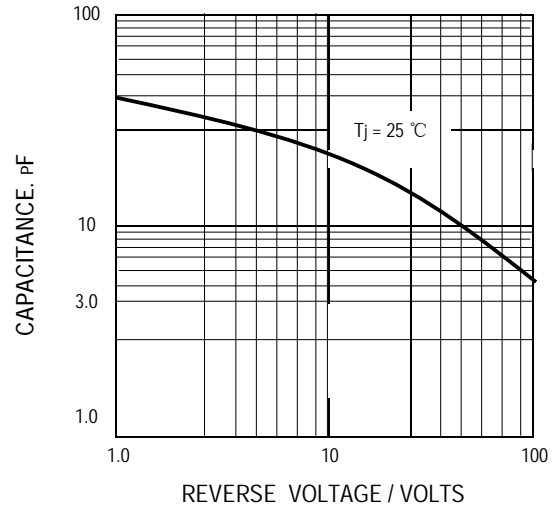


FIG. 3 -- FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

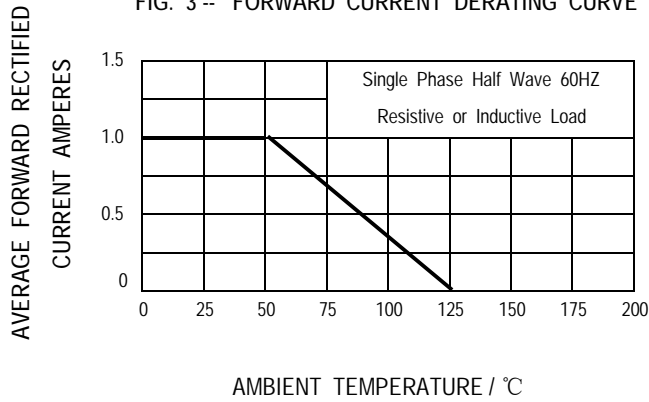


FIG. 4 -- PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

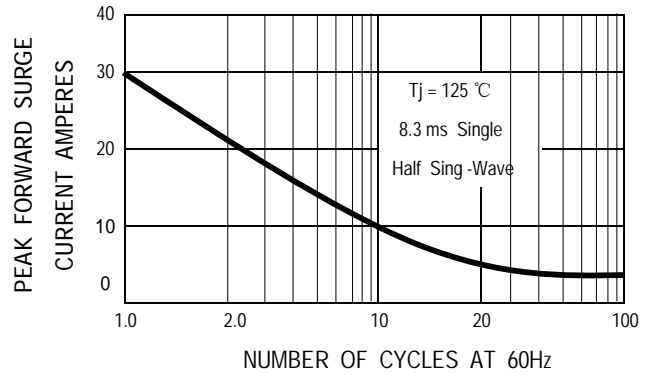


Fig.5-Typical transient thermal impedance

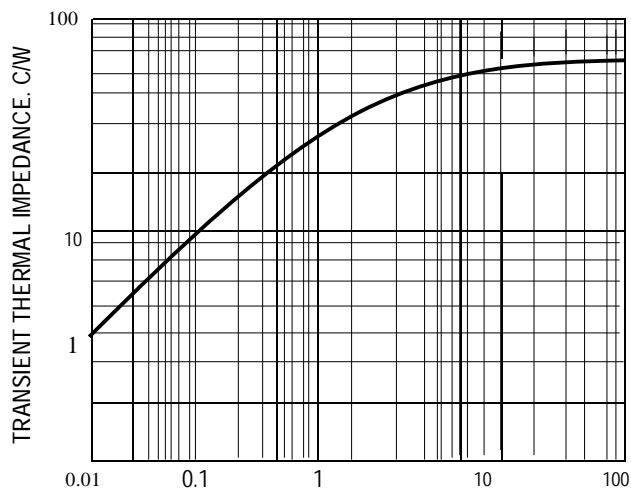


Fig.6-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

